

MARIETTA DAILY LEADER.

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MARIETTA, OHIO, TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1896.

PRICE ONE CENT

SPAIN AROUSED.

Senate Cuban Resolutions Declared to be an Insult.

The Spanish Admiral Orders Speedy Preparation of War Ships

And Some of the Naval Reserve for Dispatch to the Bahama Channel—The American Consulate Building at Barcelona Attacked by a Mob.

MADRID, March 2.—Popular feeling here is bitter against the United States because of the action of the senate in adopting a resolution favoring the granting of belligerent rights to the Cuban rebels. As stated in the United Press dispatches Saturday night the stock market here responded to the excitement and there was a material decline in purely Spanish and Cuban securities. In view of the financial difficulties under which the government is laboring, this is a most unfortunate time for Spanish securities to decline in value.

The action of Adm. Berenger, minister of marine, in ordering the speedy preparation of six warships and some of the naval reserve vessels of the Spanish trans-Atlantic company for dispatch to the Bahama channel, meets with hearty approval. It is very evident that, despite Prime Minister Canovas Del Castillos declaration Saturday that if President Cleveland should be compelled to endorse the action of congress it would not provoke an international conflict nor interrupt the friendly relations existing between Spain and the United States, the government is doing its utmost to prepare against any possible contingency.

The duke of Tetuan, minister of foreign affairs, has sent a long cable dispatch to Senor Dupuy de Lome, Spanish ambassador at Washington, instructing him to present to the American government a formal reclamation against the insult.

On Sunday a great crowd assembled in the Plaza Catalina and a number of patriotic speeches were delivered. The crowd became greatly excited by the burning oratory of the speakers, and after the meeting had broken up, a large number of those who had listened to the words glorifying Spain and denouncing the United States proceeded to the American consulate where they gave vent to their patriotism by stoning the building much to the damage of the windows thereof.

As in previous mob demonstrations in Barcelona, the police were almost impotent to disperse the rioters, who did about as they pleased.

In the evening there was another outburst of disapproval of the United States and all things American. This time it took the form of publicly dishonoring the American flag. The rioters had purchased somewhere a large American flag, which after it had been dragged through the streets, was pulled to pieces amid cries of "Long Live Spain," and "Down with the Americans." There is still much excitement in the city.

After this outrage on the American flag the mob became more violent and a proposition to make a further demonstration against the American consulate was speedily acted upon. The mob proceeded to the consulate, in the meantime arming themselves with stones. Arriving at the consulate a perfect volley of missiles was directed against the shield over the doorway bearing the American coat of arms, which was battered almost to pieces. The mob in some way became possessed of several American flags, which were destroyed amid ribald jests and expressions of contempt for the nation they represented.

THE UNITED STATES

May Demand an Apology for the Outrage at Barcelona.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Intense interest centered here Sunday night in the dispatches showing the demonstrative feelings existing in Spain against the Americans regarding the Cuban question, and the statements that the government is increasing its naval force.

The violation of the consulate of the United States at Barcelona makes a disavowal necessary by Spain and the United States probably will inquire of the Spanish government what amends will be made. The case finds an analogous one in an event which occurred in this country probably 60 years ago, when a mob of persons in New Orleans assaulted the Spanish consulate at a time when the Florida question was uppermost in the public mind. It was a case of mob violence and the government of the United States made compensation to Spain for the damage done.

Held Up by a Masked Man.

St. Louis, March 2.—Wm. H. Hueckel, a tax collector for St. Clair county, Ill., called on business at a saloon in Alma, a suburb of East St. Louis Saturday night. While talking with the proprietor a masked man walked in with a revolver in each hand and ordered the men to hand out their money. Hueckel gave up \$200 and the saloon man half as much. The robber escaped.

Wants Letters of Marque.

MADRID, March 2.—Several captains in the merchant service have offered to arm their vessels and turn them into privateers in the event of war. The captain in Barcelona has informed the government that if he be granted letters of marque he will fit out and maintain at his own cost a swift steamer to prey upon the maritime commerce of the United States.

BUCKEYE NEWS.

New and Interesting Happenings Within Our Borders.

GEAR ON TRIAL.

Judge Pugh Refuses the Senator a Continuance and the Hearing Begins.

COLUMBUS, O., March 2.—Judge Pugh refused to grant a continuance in the case of ex-Senator W. C. Gear, on the charge of soliciting bribes, Monday morning.

Ex-Prosecuting Attorney Cyrus Huling has charge of the defense, though ex-Congressman D. D. Hare, of Upper Sandusky, was present. Huling presented two affidavits of physicians to the effect that Mrs. Gear is very sick and not able to attend court. He said she was anxious to be present at the trial. Mr. Huling also presented an affidavit from Mrs. Gear, supposed to give in substance evidence that she can give bearing on the case.

Judge Pugh asked the state's attorney if he objected to having it read. He did not. The defense said, however, that if the continuance could not be granted without the reading of the affidavit publicly they would waive their objection to immediate hearing of the case. It is supposed that the affidavit contained matter that would indicate a line of defense which they do not want given away at this time. The trial then began.

SHOT TO DEATH.

Harry Matlack Murders Mrs. Strong at Cheviot.

CINCINNATI, March 2.—Mrs. Strong, wife of the proprietor of the Cheviot hotel at Cheviot, was shot and instantly killed at 11:30 Saturday night by Harry Matlack, a resident of that village. The cause of the shooting is not known.

As nearly as could be learned just after the shooting, Mrs. Strong and Matlack became involved in some altercation in one of the upstairs rooms of the hotel, and, both becoming angry, Matlack drew his revolver and fired, the bullet entering Mrs. Strong's left breast and penetrating the heart.

Mrs. Strong's brother, Morton Haist, and several others rushed to the scene and placed Matlack under arrest, guarding him in one of the rooms of the hotel until the arrival of officers from this city.

THE CLIMAX

To a Recent Elopement—Farmer Wounded by His Son-in-Law.

LONDON, O., March 2.—Mark Yeates, a farmer of Range township, was shot by his son-in-law, Cash Porter, at Danville, near here. The ball entered the abdomen, making a very painful wound. Porter and Pearl Yeates, who was only 16, eloped to Kentucky against her parents' wishes.

They resided apparently happy until about a year ago when Mr. Yeates learned, as he claimed, that his daughter was not being properly cared for and took her home, since which time Porter and Yeates have been at war.

Hotel Company Embarrassed.

COLUMBUS, O., March 2.—The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., of Cincinnati, asked Monday for a receiver for the Schrader Hotel Co., of this city. They set up that the principal and interest on a note for \$6,050, due over a year ago, is unpaid, and that they also hold eight notes against the company for \$5,050, each of which are not yet due. They claim to hold a mortgage on the hotel furniture for the security of the claim.

Accidentally Shot.

HICKSVILLE, O., March 2.—George Wright, while setting traps for the gun club meet, was shot in the side by the premature firing of a gun by one of the members of the club, and it is thought his injuries will disable him for life. A purse will be subscribed by the gun club to defray the expenses of his treatment.

A Plague of Rats.

DELAWARE, O., March 2.—Troy township is being visited by a veritable plague of rats. The rodents have overrun the community, and move from place to place in armies. They are of unusual size, and seem to have been rendered desperate by hunger. They even attacked the feet and legs of horses.

His Reason Dethroned.

NEW PHILADELPHIA, O., March 2.—The investigation of the City bank is causing great interest, and the probate court room will not admit all the anxious listeners. The case may continue for several days. Clifford Grimes, one of the depositors, has, it is reported, lost his reason through worry.

Got a Verdict for One Dollar.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 2.—In the libel suit of Capt. Amos Whittaker against the Vindicator Printing Co., in which the complainant brought suit for \$10,000 damages, the jury Saturday morning gave the plaintiff a verdict for one dollar. The verdict does not carry the costs.

Indorsed Hon. W. W. Ayers.

MARTINSVILLE, O., March 2.—The republicans of Union county met in mass convention Saturday and indorsed Hon. W. W. Ayers for the nomination to congress in the convention to be held in Delaware on March 5, and authorized him to select the delegates.

Saloonists Must Pay.

COLUMBUS, O., March 2.—Attorney General Monnett holds that under the new Goodale bill proprietors of new saloons must now pay the revised Dow tax, amounting to \$350.

Says the Charges Are False.

ATHENS, O., March 2.—Dr. C. O. Dunlap, superintendent of the state insane asylum, says that charges of mismanagement in that institution are absolutely false.

A DEMAND.

The Spaniards Must Answer Some Hard Questions.

Resolutions Introduced in the Senate Requesting President Cleveland

To Demand From the Government of Spain a Statement as to the Truth of the Mistreatment of Naturalized Citizens of the United States in Cuba.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—In the senate Monday Mr. Call (dem., Fla.) offered a resolution requesting the president to demand from the government of Spain a statement as to the truth of the charges made in a letter published in the newspapers purporting to come from Mr. Gomez, late editor of La Lucha, a newspaper published in Havana, that he had been tortured while confined in a dungeon for two months in Ceuta, the penal colony of Spain, to extort from him evidence against Julius Sanguilly, a naturalized citizen of the United States, and the subsequent killing of the said Gomez; also to insist on a full report of the evidence and all the proceedings in the alleged civil trial of Julius Sanguilly, in which it is charged that the said Sanguilly was condemned to imprisonment for life at Ceuta on suspicion only and without evidence; also to demand the release of Charles Michelsen and Lorenzo Betancourt, correspondents of New York newspapers, who are charged only with entering within the patriot lines to obtain information; also to demand of Spain that all American citizens who shall be captured by the Spanish forces shall be treated as prisoners of war and be accorded humane treatment, and to inform the Spanish government that the United States will insist on this demand.

After remarks by Mr. Call the resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

LOSING HER HEAD.

London Chronicle Says the United States Could Wipe Spain Off the Earth.

LONDON, March 2.—An editorial in the Chronicle says: "Spain seems to be losing her head. She had better restrain herself. No great harm has been done. If Gen. Weyler suppresses this rebellion in a few months, the Cuban question will retire into the background until the next revolution comes. Spain can not afford to hold out forever against the western world. She must remember what she has lost by a too rigid adherence to mere rights of occupation. Will she throw away Cuba, one of the few relics of her grand western empire? If it comes to a struggle, America could wipe Spain off the earth either by sea or land."

The Morning Post's editorial commends America's prudent attitude throughout the rebellion and believes that President Cleveland will only abandon neutrality with extreme reluctance. "He may, however, feel himself compelled," the Post adds, "to find an outlet for the aggressive feeling previously directed against England. The best issue would be that Gen. Weyler should crush the rebellion and that Spain should grant autonomy to Cuba."

THE STEAMER BERMUDA

To Be Restored to Her Owners, the Ammunition Seized Released.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The Journal says Tuesday morning: "The steamer Bermuda, which was seized by the federal authorities a week ago on suspicion that she was about to start to Cuba on a filibustering expedition, will be probably restored to her owners. The members of the Cuban Junta in this city have received information from Washington that not only will the steamer be restored but all arms and ammunition captured on the tug Stranahan will be released and the proceedings against Gen. Calixto Garcia and the others arrested on the Bermuda will be quashed."

Spain Will Ask No Disavowal.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—At the Spanish legation the rumor as to Spain having made a demand for disavowal of the insults contained in speeches made in the United States senate is treated as not worthy of serious denial. It is said that the Spanish government is of course too well acquainted with the constitution and mode of government of the United States to make any such request. In regard to the Barcelona incident it is stated that the Spanish government can and will prevent any further mob violence, and has taken every precaution to that end.

That Outrage at Barcelona.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—After a long conference with President Cleveland Monday morning Secretary Olney gave out for publication the following telegram from Mr. Taylor, United States minister at Madrid, under date of March 1: "Minister of state has just called to express deep regret that the mob has insulted Barcelona consulate, breaking windows, and offering complete reparation. He informed me that the government on its own motion has taken every precaution to guard legation and my presence. I have asked for protection."

Public Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The debt statement issued Monday afternoon shows a decrease in the public debt, less cash in the treasury during February, of \$15,978,794. Total cash in the treasury, \$838,811,830.

Death Sentence Commuted.

OMAHA, Neb., March 2.—Gov. Colham has commuted the sentence of John Walker, of Lexington, who was to have been hung Friday, to life imprisonment.

CONDENSED NEWS

Gathered From All Parts of the Country by Telegraph.

Controller Eckels has issued a call for a report of the condition of national banks at the close of business Friday, February 28.

The American trotting horse Ellard has been entered in the spring races of the Berlin course and is expected to win in all the races in which he starts. The Herald asserts that the president of the republic of Ecuador has sent a communication to Queen Regent Christina asking Spain to proclaim the independence of Cuba.

The Figaro says that the vote in the United States senate in regard to Cuba, can hardly be excused, and declares that Europe will some day unite against this style of Monroeism.

At Long Island City, L. I., Michael Kramer, 35 years old, shot and killed his aged mother and then put a bullet into his own brain Sunday afternoon. Death was instantaneous in both cases.

D. W. Wood, an alleged lumberman with an office in the Court block, St. Paul, Minn., has been arrested by a Pinkerton detective. He is thought to be in reality A. H. Dean, who, defrauded the Nevada bank of \$23,000.

Mr. Justice Harlan, in the supreme court of the United States Monday afternoon, announced the decision of the court in the case of the United States vs. Jane L. Stanford; executrix of the late Senator Stanford, in favor of the executrix.

Christian Grieves, aged 19 years; Mary Clark, 18 years of age, and Thomas Garland, 23 years old, were run down by a locomotive and instantly killed at Sharon, Pa., Saturday night. They were walking along the railroad tracks on their way home from a concert.

Dispatches from all sections of New Hampshire and Vermont report great damage to property by freshets. The heavy rains of the past two days have melted the snow that covered the ground and rotted the ice in the rivers, causing nearly all streams to overflow their banks.

The controller of the currency has declared a third dividend of ten per cent., making in all 40 per cent., on the First national bank of San Bernardino, Cal.; and a fourth dividend of five per cent., making in all 55 per cent., on the Citizens' national bank of Hillsboro, O.

An all around crook whose work has made him notorious throughout the country, was arrested at St. Louis Sunday evening upon information given by Emma Steitz, the prisoner's former wife, but now divorced. He has a dozen aliases, but the woman says his right name is Charles Dexeimer. He is wanted in a score of places for various crimes.

To Raise a Regiment.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2.—W. H. Grenwalt, J. W. Barney, Robert T. Moody and J. L. French, of Wilmington, Del., have issued a call for a meeting for the purpose of organizing a military regiment. The object of the movement is to have a regiment fully formed and ready for service in the event of a war with Spain over the Cuban question.

The Weather.

For Kentucky—Tuesday fair in eastern and in western portions; warmer in western portions Tuesday; northerly winds becoming easterly. For Ohio—Tuesday fair; northwesterly winds. For Indiana—Generally fair Tuesday; colder in southeastern portion Tuesday night; northerly winds.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, March 2. FLOUR—Spring patent, \$3.60; 4.00; spring family, \$2.75; 2.90; winter patent, \$3.70; 4.00; family, \$3.40; 3.60; extra, \$3.20; 3.40; low grade, \$2.90; rye, northwestern, \$2.50; 2.60; 40 city, \$2.00; 2.10.

WHEAT—Sales: No. 2 red, track, 75c; No. 3 red, track, 73c.

CORN—Shells: Mixed ear, track, 30c; No. 2 mixed, track, 29c; No. 3 mixed, track, 28c.

HOGS—Select shippers, none; select butchers, \$13.00; 4.00; fair to good packers, \$12.50; 3.00; fair to good light, \$12.00; 3.00; common and rough, \$11.50; 2.80.

CATTLE—Fair to good shippers, \$13.50; 4.00; good to choice butchers, \$13.00; 4.00; fair to medium butchers, \$12.50; 3.00; common, \$12.00; 2.50.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep—Extras, \$13.00; 4.00; good to choice, \$12.50; 3.50; common to fair, \$12.00; 3.00. Lambs—Extras, \$14.00; 4.00; good to choice, \$13.50; 3.50; common to fair, \$13.00; 3.00.

VEAL CALVES—Fair to good light, \$13.00; 4.00; common and large, \$12.50; 3.50. Wool—Washed, \$1.00; 1.00; per lb. 80c; quarter blood clothing, 1.00; 1.00; medium decline and clothing, 1.00; 1.00; coarse, 1.00; 1.00; medium clothing, 1.00; 1.00; washed, 1.00; 1.00; quarter blood and low, 1.00; 1.00.

NEW YORK, March 2. WHEAT—No. 2 red, March, 75 1/2c; 10-100; April, 76 1/2c; May, 77 1/2c; 71 1/2c; 71 1/2c; 71 1/2c. CORN—No. 2 western, 37 1/2c; 34c; May, 36 1/2c; 37c.

OATS—No. 2 state, 27 1/2c; western, 26 1/2c; 27c; March, 26c; asked; May, 26c; asked.

TOLEDO, March 2. WHEAT—No. 2 red, cash, 75c; 75c; May, 75c; 75c. CORN—No. 2 mixed, cash, 28c; 30c; 30c; 30c. No. 3 yellow, 28c; No. 3 white, 28c.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 29. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Choice lambs, \$4.00; 4.00. Sheep: Slow good to choice, \$3.25; 4.00. Hogs—Heavy, \$13.00; 4.00; mediums, \$12.50; 4.00; mixed grades, \$12.00; 4.00; Yorkers, \$11.50; 4.00; 1.00; 1.00; roughs, \$11.00; 4.00; 1.00; 1.00.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, spot and February, 74 1/2c; 74 1/2c. SOUTHERN, 72 1/2c. CORN—Mixed spot, February and March, 34 1/2c; 34 1/2c; 34 1/2c; 34 1/2c; 34 1/2c; 34 1/2c.

OATS—No. 2 white western, 27 1/2c; No. 2 mixed, 26c.

RYE—No. 2, 40c; 40c; 40c; 40c; 40c; 40c. PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 29. CATTLE—Rough to prime, \$10.00; 4.00; calves, \$8.00; 4.00.

HOGS—Rough to selected, \$9.00; 4.00. SHEEP—Common to prime, \$10.00; 4.00; lambs, \$11.00; 4.00.



A cream of tartar Baking Powder. Highest of all in leavening strength—Latest United States Government Food Report. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

CUBAN RESOLUTIONS

Of the Senate in the House—The Resolutions Reported by the House Committee on Foreign Affairs Agreed To.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—In the house Monday Mr. Hitt (rep., Ill.), chairman of the foreign affairs committee, called up the senate Cuban resolutions and moved to suspend the rules and pass the resolutions reported by the house foreign affairs committee in lieu of the senate resolutions. The house resolutions recite briefly that in the opinion of congress a state of war exists in Cuba, the parties to which are entitled to belligerent rights; deplore the destruction of life and property in the island; believe that a solution of the trouble lies in the establishment of a government there by the choice of the Cuban people; and conclude with the declaration that the United States should protect American interests by intervention, if necessary.

The fourth resolution in above series of resolutions, pledging to the president the support of congress, was omitted by the committee.

Mr. Boutelle (rep., Me.) demanded a second to the motion and it was ordered by a vote of 175 to 19.

At the request of Mr. Hitt, 35 minutes on each side was allowed for debate.

Messrs. Hitt, McCreary and Cummings spoke on the resolutions. The latter characterized Gen. Weyler "a Gila monster in uniform, befouling with his foul breath humanity and civilization."

On a viva voce vote the house agreed to the Cuban resolutions reported by the house committee on foreign affairs. Yeas and nays were demanded.

PREPARATIONS

Being Made for Any Emergency That May Arise Out of the Cuban Situation.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—In the past few days there has been a renewal of naval activity and the issuing of orders for the preparation of vessels for service which recalls the action of the navy department immediately following the president's Venezuelan message.

The object of the administration in holding its naval force in full fighting trim is believed now to be due to the possibilities of trouble which might follow the adoption by the house of some resolutions for the recognition of Cuba. Strong efforts are being made by Secretary Herbert to prepare every available vessel for service with the least possible delay.

MONETARY.

Coinage at United States Mints in February Very Light.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The coinage at the United States mints for February was very light, being only 4,652,000 pieces of the value of \$2,778,180, as follows: Gold, \$1,240,000; silver dollars, \$1,500,000; minor coins, \$88,180.

The national bank circulation out standing March 1 was \$217,003,905, an increase during the month of February of \$3,685,880.

National bank circulation, based on United States bonds, aggregated \$195,048,954, an increase during February of \$1,059,317, and since February 28, 1895, of \$12,141,071.

A Blizzard in New York.

NEW YORK, March 2.—A heavy snow storm began shortly after midnight Sunday night, accompanied by heavy wind, which continued till 10 o'clock Monday morning, when it stopped, and later in the morning the sun broke out. There was a delay in street car and elevated railway travel.

Mohawk River on a High.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., March 2.—The heavy fall of rain during Saturday and Sunday caused a large amount of damage. Cellars and houses all over the city were flooded. The Mohawk river rose rapidly and the water was the highest here in many years.

Elevator and Grain Burned.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 2.—Elevator "A," No. 2, in this city, belonging to Van Dusen, Harrington & Co., took fire Monday morning and was totally destroyed. It contained 600,000 bushels of wheat. The loss will be about \$500,000, well insured.

Consul General Williams Resigns.

HAVANA, March 2.—Despite the efforts which have been made to conceal the fact, it is now ascertained that United States Consul General Williams has resigned, and that his resignation has reached the state department at Washington.

Steamer La Bourgoyne Sails.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The French line steamer La Bourgoyne, which sank the Atlas line steamer Ailsa in a dense fog off Port Hamilton on Saturday afternoon, sailed Monday morning for Havre.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

R. & O. S. W.	
DEPART—6:00 a. m., 10:40 a. m., 2:00 p. m., 4:35 p. m., 7:00 p. m., 11:35 p. m.	
ARRIVE—8:05 a. m., 8:10 a. m., 12:35 p. m., 4:35 p. m., 6:40 p. m., 8:35 p. m.	
T. & O. C. Ex.	
LEAVE—2:30 p. m., 9:00 a. m., 4:00 a. m.	
ARRIVE—12:30 p. m., 7:35 a. m.	
C. & M.	
LEAVE—6:25 a. m., 2:55 p. m.	
ARRIVE—11:15 a. m., 7:05 p. m.	
Z. & O.	
LEAVE—6:20 a. m., 2:40 p. m.	
ARRIVE—10:40 a. m., 8:05 p. m.	
O. R. R. R. (Eastern Time)	
SOUTH—10:25 a. m., 2:10 a. m., 7:30 p. m.	
NORTH—11:15 p. m., 5:40 a. m., 7:30 a. m.	

Great Success!

Our 1/2 off Overcoat and Underwear Sale was so much of a success that we have concluded to continue the 1/2 off sale another week.

Don't Miss this Chance

It will pay you to purchase an overcoat and lay it away for next winter, or some underwear.

1-3 OFF

Is a deep cut. Overcoats that we got \$20.00 for now go at \$13.00; \$15.00 coats for \$10.00; \$12.00 coats for \$8.00, and so on down the list. \$3.00 per suit Underwear for \$2.00; \$1.50 per suit underwear for \$1.00.

Come In this Week Sure.

This week will end this 1/2 off sale.

Star Clothing House.

Barracks Destroyed by Fire.

SWEET SPRINGS, Mo., March 2.—The barracks and armory attached to the Marmaduke Military Institute at this place were destroyed by fire. Loss estimated at \$25,000 and is nearly covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have been caused by an overheated furnace.

Two Brothers Drowned.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., March 2.—Charles and Walter Rousseau, while attempting to cross the Poutney river near Sciota, four miles east of Whitehall, were drowned. A number of people were on the banks and saw the brothers drowning, but were unable to render them any assistance.

Freeze and Distribution of Seed.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Monday, in the house, on motion of Mr. Willis (rep., Del.) the rules were suspended, and senate joint resolution was agreed to authorizing and directing the secretary of agriculture to purchase and distribute seeds, etc., as has been done in preceding years.